Operation

VERDERAIR VA 80 Air-Operated Diaphragm Pump



859.0236

Rev. J EN

Heavy-duty 3-inch pump with large flow paths for fluid transfer applications, including high-viscosity materials. For professional use only.

See page 4 for model information, including approvals

125 psi (0.86 MPa, 8.6 bar) Maximum Working Pressure, Aluminum or Stainless Steel Pumps with Aluminum Air Section 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 6.9 bar) Maximum Working Pressure, Polypropylene or Stainless Steel Pumps with Polypropylene Air Section



Important Safety Instructions Read all warnings and instructions in this manual. Save these instructions.



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Related Manuals

| Manual | Description |
|----------|---|
| 859.0237 | VERDERAIR VA 80 Air-Operated Diaphragm Pump, Repair/Parts |

To Order a New Pump

NOTE: Do not configure and order a pump using only this manual. Work with your distributor or follow the steps below.

- 1. Go to www.verderair.com. Select Verderair Series VA.
- **2.** Click on Pump Configurator.
- **3.** Use the configurator to specify a pump. As you work through, the configurator offers only those options that work with the pump you are building.

To Order Parts for Your Existing Pump

- **1.** Check the identification plate (ID) for the 17-digit Configuration Number of your pump.
- 2. Use the Configuration Number Matrix on the next page to understand which parts are described by each digit.
- 3. Refer to Parts Manual 859.0237 for the necessary part numbers.

Configuration Number Matrix

Check the identification plate (ID) for the 17-digit Configuration Number of your pump. Use the following matrix to define the components of your pump.

Sample Configuration Number: VA80AA-SSTFNOTN00

| VA80 | Α | Α | SS | TF | NO | TN | 00 | " |
|-------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|------------|-------------|---------|---|
| Pump Model | Fluid | Air | Seats | Balls | Diaphragms | Connections | Options | - |
| | Section | Section | | | | | | = |

Pump Configuration Number ti17770a

NOTE: Some combinations are not possible. Please check with your local supplier or the pump configurator on www.verderair.com.

| Pump Fluid Section Material Model | | | Air Section Material | | Check Valve Seats | | Check Valve Balls | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| VA80 | Α | Aluminum | Α | Aluminum | AC | Acetal | AC | Acetal |
| | Ρ | Polypropylene | Ρ | Polypropylene | AL | Aluminum | BN | Buna-N |
| | S | Stainless Steel | | | BN | Buna-N | FK | FKM - Fluoroelastomer |
| | | | | | FK | FKM - Fluoroelastomer | GE | Geolast |
| | | | | | GE | Geolast | HY | TPE |
| | | | | | HY | TPE | NR | Polychloroprene Standard |
| | | | | | PP | Polypropylene | NW | Polychloroprene Weighted |
| | | | | | SP | Santoprene | SP | Santoprene |
| | | | | | SS | Stainless Steel | TF | PTFE |
| * VA8 | BOAA | and VA80SA are ce | rtified | | IC T4 | | | |

| Diaphragm | | | Connections | Options | | |
|-----------|-------------------------------|----|----------------------------|---------|----------|--|
| BN | Buna-N | FC | Center Flange, DIN/ANSI | 00 | Standard | |
| GE | Geolast | ТВ | Threaded BSP | | | |
| NO | Polychloroprene Overmolded | TN | Threaded NPT | | | |
| то | PTFE/EPDM Over- molded | | | | | |
| SP | Santoprene | | | | | |
| TF | PTFE/Santoprene Two-Piece | | | | | |

Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbols refer to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.



| WARNING |
|--|
| EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD Misuse can cause death or serious injury. |
| Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol. Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See Technical Data in all equipment manuals. Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See Technical Data in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request MSDS from distributor or retailer. Do not leave the work area while equipment is energized or under pressure. Turn off all equipment and follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when equipment is not in use. Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only. Do not alter or modify equipment. Alterations or modifications may void agency approvals and create safety hazards. Make sure all equipment is rated and approved for the environment in which you are using it. Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information. Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces. Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment. Keep children and animals away from work area. Comply with all applicable safety regulations. |
| THERMAL EXPANSION HAZARD Fluids subjected to heat in confined spaces, including hoses, can create a rapid rise in pressure due to the thermal expansion. Over-pressurization can result in equipment rupture and serious injury. Open a valve to relieve the fluid expansion during heating. Replace hoses proactively at regular intervals based on your operating conditions. |
| PRESSURIZED ALUMINUM PARTS HAZARD Use of fluids that are incompatible with aluminum in pressurized equipment can cause serious chemical reaction and equipment rupture. Failure to follow this warning can result in death, serious injury, or property damage. Do not use 1,1,1-trichloroethane, methylene chloride, other halogenated hydrocarbon solvents or fluids containing such solvents. Many other fluids may contain chemicals that can react with aluminum. Contact your material supplier for compatibility. |
| PLASTIC PARTS CLEANING SOLVENT HAZARD Many solvents can degrade plastic parts and cause them to fail, which could cause serious injury or property damage. Use only compatible water-based solvents to clean plastic structural or pressure-containing parts. See Technical Data in this and all other equipment instruction manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's MSDSs and recommendations. |

| | WARNING |
|-------|---|
| * | TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed. |
| | Read MSDSs to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using. Route exhaust away from work area. If diaphragm ruptures, fluid may be exhausted into the air. Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines. |
| Tant. | BURN HAZARD Equipment surfaces and fluid that's heated can become very hot during operation. To avoid severe burns: Do not touch hot fluid or equipment. |
| | PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Wear appropriate protective equipment when in the work area to help prevent serious injury, including eye injury, hearing loss, inhalation of toxic fumes, and burns. This equipment includes but is not limited to: |
| ₩ | Protective eyewear, and hearing protection. Respirators, protective clothing, and gloves as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer. |

Installation

Overview

The Typical Installation shown in FIG. 1 is only a guide for selecting and installing system components. Contact your distributor for assistance in planning a system to suit your needs.

Reference letters in the text, for example (A), refer to the callouts in the figures.

Key:

Accessories/Components Not Supplied

- A Air supply line
- B Bleed-type master air valve (may be required for your pump installation)
- C Air filter/regulator assembly
- D Master air valve (to isolate the filter/regulator for service)

- E Grounded, flexible fluid supply line
- F Fluid drain valve (may be required for your pump installation)
- G Fluid shutoff valve
- H Grounded, flexible fluid outlet line

System Components

- J Air inlet port (not visible)
- K Air outlet port and muffler
- L Fluid inlet port
- M Fluid outlet port
- N Ground screw (Aluminum and stainless steel only, see FIG. 3, page 10)
- P Mounting brackets



FIG. 1. Typical Installation (aluminum pump shown)

Tighten Fasteners

Before mounting and using the pump for the first time, check and retorque all external fasteners. Follow **Torque Instructions**, page 15, or see the torque tag on your pump. After the first day of operation retorque the fasteners.

Tips to Reduce Cavitation

Cavitation in an AODD pump is the formation and collapse of bubbles in the pumped liquid. Frequent or excessive cavitation can cause serious damage, including pitting and early wear of fluid chambers, balls, and seats. It may result in reduced efficiency of the pump. Cavitation damage and reduced efficiency both result in increased operating costs.

Cavitation depends on the vapor pressure of the pumped liquid, the system suction pressure, and the velocity pressure. It can be reduced by changing any of these factors.

- 1. Reduce vapor pressure: Decrease the temperature of the pumped liquid.
- 2. Increase suction pressure:
 - a. Lower the installed position of the pump relative to the liquid level in the supply.
 - Reduce the friction length of the suction piping. Remember that fittings add friction length to the piping. Reduce the number of fittings to reduce the friction length.
 - c. Increase the size of the suction piping.
 NOTE: Be sure the inlet fluid pressure does not exceed 25 % of the outlet working pressure.
- 3. Reduce liquid velocity: Slow the cyclic rate of the pump.

Pumped liquid viscosity is also very important but normally is controlled by factors that are process dependent and cannot be changed to reduce cavitation. Viscous liquids are more difficult to pump and more prone to cavitation.

Verder recommends taking all the above factors into account in system design. To maintain pump efficiency, supply only enough air pressure to the pump to achieve the required flow. Verder distributors can supply site specific suggestions to improve pump performance and reduce operating costs.

Mount the Pump



To avoid serious injury or death from toxic fluid or fumes:

- Ventilate to a remote area. The pump exhaust air may contain contaminants. See Air Exhaust Ventilation on page 12.
- Never move or lift a pump under pressure. If dropped, the fluid section may rupture. Always follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 13 before moving or lifting the pump.
- Verify that the bolts holding the pump feet to the brackets are tight. Torque to 54-61 Nm (40-45 ft-lb) for Polypropylene and Stainless Steel, and 75-81 N•m (55-60 ft-lb) for Aluminum.
- 2. Secure the brackets to the floor. Do not mount on any other surface. The pump must be mounted upright.





- 3. Make sure the surface is flat and that the pump does not wobble.
- 4. For ease of operation and service, mount the pump so air valve, air inlet, fluid inlet, and fluid outlet ports are easily accessible.

Ground the System



The equipment must be grounded to reduce the risk of static sparking. Static sparking can cause fumes to ignite or explode. Grounding provides an escape wire for the electric current.

- Aluminum and stainless steel pumps have a ground screw. **Always** ground the entire fluid system as described below.
- Polypropylene pumps are **not** conductive and are not for use with flammable fluids.
- Follow your local fire codes.

Pump: See FIG. 3. Loosen the ground screw (N). Insert one end of a 12 ga. minimum ground wire behind the ground screw and tighten the screw securely. Connect the clamp end of the ground wire to a true earth ground. A ground wire and clamp, Part 819.0157, is available.



FIG. 3. Grounding screw and wire

Air and fluid hoses: Use only grounded hoses with a maximum of 500 ft (150 m) combined hose length to ensure grounding continuity.

Air compressor: Follow manufacturer's recommendations.

Fluid supply container: Follow local code.

Solvent containers used when flushing: Follow local code. Use only conductive metal containers, placed on a grounded surface. Do not place the container on a nonconductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts grounding continuity.

Check your system electrical continuity after the initial installation, and then set up a regular schedule for checking continuity to be sure proper grounding is maintained.

Fluid Supply Line

- 1. Use grounded, flexible fluid hoses (E). See **Ground the System**, page 10.
- If the inlet fluid pressure to the pump is more than 25% of the outlet working pressure, the ball check valves will not close fast enough, resulting in inefficient pump operation. Excessive inlet fluid pressure also will shorten diaphragm life. Approximately 3-5 psi (0.02-0.03 MPa, 0.21-0.34 bar) should be adequate for most materials.
- 3. For maximum suction lift (wet and dry), see **Technical Data**, page 21. For best results, always install the pump as close as possible to the material source. Minimize suction requirements to maximize pump performance.

Fluid Outlet Line

- 1. Use grounded, flexible fluid hoses (H). See **Ground the System**, page 10.
- 2. Install a fluid drain valve (F) near the fluid outlet.
- 3. Install a shutoff valve (G) in the fluid outlet line.

Fluid Inlet and Outlet Ports

NOTE: Remove and rotate the center manifold(s) to change the orientation of inlet or outlet port(s). Follow **Torque Instructions** on page 15.

Aluminum (VA80AA)

The fluid inlet and outlet manifolds each have a 3 in. ANSI/DIN center flange with either 3 in.-8 npt or 3 in.-11 bspt internal threads.

Polypropylene (VA80PA, VA80PP)

The fluid inlet and outlet manifolds each have a 3 in. raised face ANSI/DIN center flange.

NOTICE

Use even and opposite torque to connect to the polypropylene manifold flange. Excessive uneven force can damage the flange.

Stainless Steel (VA80SA, VA80SP)

The fluid inlet and outlet manifolds each have either 3 in. -8 npt or 3 in. -11 bspt ports.

Air Line

- 1. Install an air regulator and gauge (C) to control the fluid pressure. The fluid stall pressure will be the same as the setting of the air regulator.
- 2. Locate a bleed-type master air valve (B) close to the pump and use it to relieve trapped air. Be sure the valve is easily accessible from the pump and located downstream from the regulator.



Trapped air can cause the pump to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury from splashing.

- 3. Locate another master air valve (D) upstream from all air line accessories and use it to isolate them during cleaning and repair.
- 4. An air line filter (C) removes harmful dirt and moisture from the compressed air supply.
- 5. Install a grounded, flexible air hose (A) between the accessories and the 3/4 npt(f) pump air inlet.

Air Exhaust Ventilation



If pumping flammable or toxic fluids, you must vent the exhaust away from people, animals, food handling areas, and all sources of ignition. Follow all applicable codes.

NOTICE

The air exhaust port is 1 npt. Do not restrict the air exhaust port. Excessive exhaust restriction can cause erratic pump operation and poor diaphragm life. To provide a remote exhaust:

- 1. Remove the muffler (U) from the pump air exhaust port (K).
- Install a grounded air exhaust hose (S) and connect the muffler (U) to the other end of the hose. Use muffler PN 819.6591, sold separately. The minimum size for the air exhaust hose is 1 in.
 (25 mm) ID. If a hose longer than 15 ft (4.57 m) is required, use a larger diameter hose. Avoid sharp bends or kinks in the hose.
- 3. Place a container (T) at the end of the air exhaust line to catch fluid in case a diaphragm ruptures. If the diaphragm ruptures, the fluid being pumped will exhaust with the air.



Key:

- A Air supply line
- B Bleed-type master air valve (may be required for your pump installation)
- C Air filter/regulator assembly
- D Master air valve (for accessories)

FIG. 4. Vent exhaust air

- J Air inlet port (not visible)
- K Air outlet port
- S Grounded air exhaust hose
- T Container for remote air exhaust
- U Muffler

Operation

Pressure Relief Procedure



Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure whenever you see this symbol.



This equipment stays pressurized until pressure is relieved manually. To help prevent serious injury from pressurized fluid, such as splashing in the eyes or on skin, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure whenever you stop pumping and before you clean, check, or service the equipment.

- 1. Shut off the air supply to the pump.
- 2. Open the dispensing valve, if used.
- 3. Open the fluid drain valve (F) to relieve fluid pressure. Have a container ready to catch the drainage.

Flush the Pump Before First Use

The pump was tested in water. If water could contaminate the fluid you are pumping, flush the pump thoroughly with a compatible solvent. See **Flushing and Storage**, page 14.

Starting and Adjusting the Pump

- 1. Be sure the pump is properly grounded. Refer to **Ground the System** on page 10.
- Check fittings to be sure they are tight. Use a compatible liquid thread sealant on male threads. Tighten fluid inlet and outlet fittings securely.
- 3. Place the suction tube (if used) in fluid to be pumped.

NOTE: If fluid inlet pressure to the pump is more than 25% of outlet working pressure, the ball check valves will not close fast enough, resulting in inefficient pump operation.

NOTICE

Excessive fluid inlet pressure can reduce diaphragm life.

- 4. Place the end of the fluid hose into an appropriate container.
- 5. Close the fluid drain valve (F).
- 6. Back out the air regulator knob (C), and open all bleed-type master air valves (B, D).
- 7. If the fluid hose has a dispensing device, hold it open.
- 8. Slowly increase air pressure with the air regulator until the pump just starts to cycle. Allow the pump to cycle slowly until all air is pushed out of the lines and the pump is primed.

NOTE: Use lowest possible air pressure to prime, just enough to cycle the pump. If the pump does not prime as expected, turn air pressure **DOWN.**

- 9. If you are flushing, run the pump long enough to thoroughly clean the pump and hoses.
- 10. Close the bleed-type master air valve (B).

Pump Shutdown



At the end of the work shift and before you check, adjust, clean or repair the system, follow **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 13.

Maintenance

Maintenance Schedule

Establish a preventive maintenance schedule based on the pump's service history. Scheduled maintenance is especially important to prevent spills or leakage due to diaphragm failure.

Lubrication

The pump is lubricated at the factory. It is designed to require no further lubrication for the life of the packings. There is no need to add an inline lubricator under normal operating conditions.

Tighten Threaded Connections

Before each use, check all hoses for wear or damage and replace as necessary. Check to be sure all threaded connections are tight and leak-free. Check mounting bolts. Check fasteners. Tighten or retorque as necessary. Although pump use varies, a general guideline is to retorque fasteners every two months. See **Torque Instructions**, page 15.

Flushing and Storage



- Flush before fluid can dry in the equipment, at the end of the day, before storing, and before repairing equipment.
- Flush at the lowest pressure possible. Check connectors for leaks and tighten as necessary.
- Flush with a fluid that is compatible with the fluid being dispensed and the equipment wetted parts.
- Always flush the pump and relieve the pressure before storing it for any length of time.

NOTICE

Flush the pump often enough to prevent the fluid you are pumping from drying or freezing in the pump and damaging it. Use a compatible solvent.

Torque Instructions

See FIG. 5 for fluid cover and air valve fasteners. See FIG. 6 for manifold fasteners.

NOTE: Fluid cover and manifold fasteners on the polypropylene pumps have a thread-locking adhesive patch applied to the threads. If this patch is excessively worn, the fasteners may loosen during operation. Replace screws with new ones or apply medium-strength (blue) Loctite or equivalent to the threads.

If fluid cover or manifold fasteners have been loosened, it is important to torque them using the following procedure to improve sealing.

NOTE: Always completely torque fluid covers, then torque the manifold pieces together, then torque the assembled manifolds to the fluid covers.

Start all fluid cover screws a few turns. Then turn down each screw just until head contacts cover. Then turn each screw by 1/2 turn or less working in a crisscross pattern to specified torque. Repeat for manifolds. Fluid cover fasteners: Polypropylene and Stainless Steel: 54-61 N•m (40-45 ft-lb) Aluminum: 75-81 Nm (55-60 ft-lb) Manifold fasteners: Polypropylene: 54-61 Nm (40-45 ft-lb) Aluminum: Refs 1-8: 15-28 Nm (11-21 ft-lb) Refs 9-16: 75-81 Nm (55-60 ft-lb) Stainless Steel: Refs 1-4: 12-13 Nm (110-120 in-lb)

Refs 5-12: 54-61 Nm (40-45 ft-lb)

Retorque the air valve fasteners in a crisscross pattern to specified torque.

Air Valve fasteners

Plastic Center Sections: 5-6.2 Nm (45-55 in-lb) Aluminum Center Sections: 8.5-9.6 Nm (75-85 in-lb)

Also check and tighten the nuts or bolts (X) holding the manifold feet to the mounting brackets.









FIG. 6. Torque Instructions - Manifold Fasteners

F Е Ω Û Air Inlet (opposite side from muffler) D А ₿ G 0) (C 6 e С Π Ħ C 6 TT ti16558a ti16557a

Aluminum Pump Dimensions

| G | 50.0 cm (19.70 in.) |
|---|---------------------|
| Н | 21.0 cm (8.25 in.) |
| J | 42.9 cm (16.91 in.) |
| К | 42.1 cm (16.56 in.) |
| L | 33.0 cm (13.00 in.) |
| М | 41.9 cm (16.5 in.) |
| | |

| Α | 62.2 cm (24.50 in.) |
|---|---------------------|
| В | 72.7 cm (28.63 in.) |
| С | 10.5 cm (4.13 in.) |
| D | 82.7 cm (32.56 in.) |
| E | 30.6 cm (12.04 in.) |
| F | 61.2 cm (24.08 in.) |

Polypropylene Pump Dimensions





ti16564a

| 67.8 cm (26.69 in.) |
|---------------------|
| 21.1 cm (8.30 in.) |
| 43.1 cm (16.96 in.) |
| 49.0 cm (19.31 in.) |
| 33.0 cm (13.00 in.) |
| 42.1 cm (16.58 in.) |
| |

| Α | 93.5 cm (36.80 in.) |
|---|----------------------|
| В | 105.2 cm (41.40 in.) |
| С | 115.2 cm (45.34 in.) |
| D | 11.7 cm (4.60 in.) |
| E | 37.0 cm (14.56 in.) |
| F | 74.0 cm (29.12 in.) |



Stainless Steel Pump Dimensions



G H

J

Κ

L

Μ

ti17457a

49.2 cm (19.38 in.)

21.0 cm (8.25 in.)

42.9 cm (16.91 in.)

42.7 cm (16.83 in.)

33.0 cm (13.0 in.)

41.9 cm (16.5 in.)

| Α | 59.4 cm (23.38 in.) |
|---|---------------------|
| В | 70.8 cm (27.88 in.) |
| С | 77.5 cm (30.5 in.) |
| D | 11.4 cm (4.5 in.) |
| E | 31.3 cm (12.34 in.) |
| F | 62.7 cm (24.68 in.) |

Performance Charts

Test Conditions: Pump tested in water with inlet submerged

Operating Air Pressure A 125 psi (0.83 MPa, 8.3 bar) B 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7.0 bar) C 70 psi (0.48 MPa, 4.8 bar) D 40 psi (0.28 MPa, 2.8 bar)

How to Read the Charts

- 1. Locate fluid flow rate along bottom of chart.
- 2. Follow vertical line up to intersection with selected operating air pressure curve.
- Follow left to scale to read fluid outlet pressure (top chart) or air consumption (bottom chart).



Technical Data

| Verderair VA 80 | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---|--|
| | US | Metric | |
| Maximum fluid working pressure | | | |
| Aluminum or Stainless Steel with Aluminum Center Section | 125 psi | 0.86 MPa, 8.6 bar | |
| Polypropylene or Stainless Steel with Polypropylene Center Section | 100 psi | 0.7 MPa, 7 bar | |
| Air pressure operating range** | | | |
| Aluminum or Stainless Steel with Aluminum Center Section | 20-125 psi | 0.14-0.86 MPa, 1.4-8.6 bar | |
| Polypropylene or Stainless Steel with Polypropylene Center Section | 20-100 psi | 0.14-0.7 MPa, 1.4-7 bar | |
| Air consumption | · | | |
| All pumps | 90 scfm at 70 psi, 100 gpm | 2.5 m ³ /min at 4.8 bar, 379 lpm | |
| Maximum air consumption* | | | |
| Aluminum or Stainless Steel with Aluminum Center Section | 335 scfm | 9.5 m ³ /min | |
| Polypropylene or Stainless Steel with Polypropylene Center Section | 275 scfm | 7.8 m ³ /min | |
| Maximum free-flow delivery* | | | |
| Standard diaphragms | 300 gpm at 125 psi | 1135 lpm at 8.6 bar | |
| Standard diaphragms | 280 gpm at 100 psi | 1059 lpm at 7 bar | |
| Overmolded diaphragms | 270 gpm at 125 psi | 1022 lpm at 8.6 bar | |
| Overmolded diaphragms | 260 gpm at 100 psi | 984 lpm at 7 bar | |
| Maximum Pump Speed* | · | | |
| Standard diaphragms | 103 cpm at 125 psi | 103 cpm at 8.6 bar | |
| Standard diaphragms | 97 cpm at 100 psi | 97 cpm at 7 bar | |
| Overmolded diaphragms | 135 cpm at 125 psi | 135 cpm at 8.6 bar | |
| Overmolded diaphragms | 130 cpm at 100 psi | 130 cpm at 7 bar | |
| Maximum suction lift (varies widely based on ball/s | seat selection and wear, ope | erating speed, material prop- | |
| Drv | 16 ft. | 4.9 meters | |
| Wet | 31 ft. | 9.4 meters | |
| Recommended cycle rate | 35-50 cpm | | |
| Maximum size pumpable solids | 1/2 in. | 13 mm | |
| Fluid flow per cycle** | | | |
| Standard diaphragms | 2.9 gal | 11.0 | |
| Overmolded diaphragms | 2.0 gal | 7.6 | |
| Ambient Temperature | | | |
| Minimum ambient air temperature for operation and storage. NOTE : Exposure to extreme low temperatures may result in damage to plastic parts. | 32° F | 0° C | |

| Verderair VA 80 | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | US | Metric | |
| Noise (dBa)*** | | | |
| Sound Power | 99.1 at 50 psi and 50 cpm, 106.1 at 125 psi and full flow | 99.1 at 3.4 bar and 50 cpm 106.1 at 8.6 bar and full flow | |
| Sound Pressure | 91.5 at 50 psi and 50 cpm 98.2 at 125 psi and full flow | 91.5 at 3.4 bar and 50 cpm 98.2 at 8.6 bar and full flow | |
| Inlet/Outlet Sizes | | | |
| Fluid inlet - Polypropylene | 3 in. ANSI/DI | N flange, 8 bolts | |
| Fluid inlet - Aluminum | 3 in8 npt or 3 in11 bsp | t with 3 in. ANSI/DIN flange | |
| Fluid inlet - Stainless Steel | 3 in8 npt c | or 3 in11 bspt | |
| Air Inlet - all pumps | 3/4 ii | n. npt(f) | |
| Wetted parts | | | |
| All pumps | Materials chosen for seat, ball, and diaphragm options, plus the pump's material of construction - aluminum, poly- propylene, or stainless steel. Aluminum pumps also have carbon-coated steel. | | |
| Non-wetted external parts | | | |
| Polypropylene | stainless steel, polypropylene | | |
| Aluminum | aluminum, coated carbon steel | | |
| Stainless Steel | stainless steel, polypropylene or aluminum (as used in center section) | | |
| Weight | | | |
| Polypropylene | 200 lb | 91 kg | |
| Aluminum | 150 lb | 68 kg | |
| Stainless Steel | 255 lb | 116 kg | |
| Notes | | | |
| * Maximum values with water as media at ambient temperature. Water level is approximately 3 feet above pump inlet. | | | |
| ** Startup pressures and displacement per cycle may vary based on suction condition, discharge head, air pres- sure, and fluid type. | | | |
| *** Sound power measured per ISO-9614-2. Sound pressure was tested 3.28 ft (1 m) from equipment. | | | |

Santoprene® is a registered trademark of the Monsanto Co.

Loctite® is a registered trademark of the Loctite Corporation.

Fluid Temperature Range

NOTICE

Temperature limits are based on mechanical stress only. Certain chemicals will further limit the fluid temperature range. Stay within the temperature range of the most-restricted wetted component. Operating at a fluid temperature that is too high or too low for the components of your pump may cause equipment damage.

| | Fluid Temperature Range | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| Diaphragm/Ball/Seat Material | Aluminu | m Pumps | Polypropyle | ene Pumps |
| Acetal | 10° to 180°F | -12° to 82°C | 32° to 150°F | 0° to 66°C |
| Buna-N | 10° to 180°F | -12° to 82°C | 32° to 150°F | 0° to 66°C |
| FKM Fluoroelastomer* | -40° to 275°F | -40° to 135°C | 32° to 150°F | 0° to 66°C |
| Geolast [®] | -40° to 150°F | -40° to 66°C | 32° to 150°F | 0° to 66°C |
| Polychloroprene overmolded diaphragm or Polychloroprene check balls | 0° to 180°F | -18° to 82°C | 32° to 150°F | 0° to 66°C |
| Polypropylene | 32° to 150°F | 0° to 66°C | 32° to 150°F | 0° to 66°C |
| PTFE overmolded diaphragm | 40° to 180°F | 4° to 82°C | 40° to 150°F | 4° to 66°C |
| PTFE check balls | 40° to 220°F | 4° to 104°C | 40° to 150°F | 4° to 66°C |
| Santoprene [®] or two-piece PTFE/Santo- prene diaphragm | -40° to 180°F | -40° to 82°C | 32° to 150°F | 0° to 66°C |
| TPE | -20° to 150°F | -29° to 66°C | 32° to 150°F | 0° to 66°C |

* The maximum temperature listed is based on the ATEX standard for T4 temperature classification. If you are operating in a non-explosive environment, FKM fluoroelastomer's maximum fluid temperature in aluminum pumps is 320°F (160°C).

EU-DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

EU-CONFORMITEITSVERKLARING, DÉCLARATION UE DE CONFORMITÉ, EU-KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄRUNG DICHIARAZIONE DI CONFORMITÀ UE, EU-OVERENSSTEMMELSESERKLÆRING, ΔΉΛΩΣΗ ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΣΗΣ ΕΕ, DECLARAÇÃO UE DE CONFORMIDADE, DECLARACIÓN UE DE CONFORMIDAD, EU-VAATIMUSTENMUKAISUUSVAKUUTUS, EU-FÖRSÄKRAN OM ÖVERENSSTÄMMELSE, EU PROHLÁŠENÍ O SHODĚ, ELI VASTAVUSDEKLARATSIOON, EU-MEGFELELŐSÉGI NYILATKOZAT, ES ATBILSTĪBAS DEKLARĀCIJA, ES ATITIKTIES DEKLARACIJA DEKLARACISA ZGODNOŠCI UE, DIKJARAZZJONI TÁ KONFORMITĂ TAL-UE, EU IZJAVA O SUKLADNOSTI, EÚ VYHLÁSENIE O ZHODE, EL QEKIAPAQUR 3A C'DOTBETCTBI/E, DECLARAȚIA UE DE CONFORMITATE

Model

VERDERAIR VA 80

Modèle, Modell, Modello, Movтє́λo, Modelo, Malli, Mudel, Modelis, Mudell, Модел, Samhail

Part

Bestelnr., Type, Teil, Codice, Del, Μέρος, Peça, Referencia, Osa, Součást, Részegység, Daļa, Dalis, Część, Taqsima, Časť, Yacr, Páirt, Parte 850.8108, 850.8109, 850.8110, 850.6035, 850.6036, 850.6996, 850.8099, 850.8111, 850.8112, 850.8113, 850.8114, 850.8115, 850.8116, 850.8117, 850.8118, 850.8119, 850.8120, 850.8121, 850.8122, 850.8123, 850.8124, 850.8125, 850.8126, 850.8130, 850.8131, 850.8132, 850.8136, 850.8137, 850.8138, 850.8104, 850.8104*, 850.8105*, 850.8106*, 850.8107*, 850.8102*, 850.8134*, 850.8127*, 850.8128*, 850.8129*, 850.8133*, 850.8134*, 850.8135*, 850.8139*, 850.8141* (*Do not have ATEX approval)

Complies With The EC Directives:

Voldoet aan de EG-richtlijnen, Conforme aux directives CE, Entspricht den EG-Richtlinien, Conforme alle direttive CE, Overholder EF-direktiverne, Σύμφωνα με τις Οδηγίες της ΕΚ, Em conformidade com as Directivas CE, Cumple las directivas de la CE, Täyttää EY-direktivien vaatimukset, Uppfyller EG-direktiven, Shoda se směrnicemi ES, Vastab EÜ direktividele, ktielégiti az EK irányelvek követelményeit, Atbilst EK direktivam, Attitinka šias ES direktyvas, Zgodnošć z Dyrektywami UE, Konformi mad-Direttivi tal-KE, V skladu z direktivami ES, Je v súlade so smernicami ES, Съвместимост с Директиви на EO, Tá ag teacht le Treoracha an CE, Respectă directivele CE

2006/42/EC Machinery Safety Directive

2014/34/EC ATEX Directive (Ex II 2 GD c II C T4) - Tech File stored with NB 0359 (See Part No. above for corresponding ATEX approved pumps.)

Standards Used:

Gebruikte maatstaven, Normes respectées, Verwendete Normen, Norme applicate, Anvendte standarder, Πρότυπα που χρησιμοποιήθηκαν, Normas utilizadas, Normas aplicadas, Sovellettavat standardit, Tillämpade standarder, Použité normy, Rakendatud standardid, Alkalmazott szabványok, Izmantotie standarti, Taikyti standartai, Użyte normy, Standards Užati, Uporabljeni standardi, Použité normy, Използвани стандарти, Caighdeáin arna n-úsáid, Standarde utilizate

| EN 1127-1 | ISO 12100-2 |
|------------|-------------|
| EN 13463-1 | ISO 9614-2 |
| EN 13463-5 | |

Notified Body for Directive

Aangemelde instantie voor richtlijn, Organisme notifié pour la directive, Benannte Stelle für diese Richtlinie, Ente certificatore della direttiva, Bemyndiget organ for direktiv, Διακοινωμένο όργανο Οδηγίας, Organismo notificado relativamente à directiva, Organismo notificado de la directiva, Direktivin mukaisesti ilmoitettu tarkastuslaitos, Anmält organ för direktivet, Uředně oznámený orgán pro směrnici, Teavitatud asutus (direktivii järgi), Az irányelvvel kapcsolatban értesített testület, Pilnvarotā iestāde saskaņā ar direktīvu, Apie direktivu, Ipie direktiva, Ipiedinektive, Notifikovaný orgán pre smernicu, Ηστιφμιμιραι opraн sa Директива, Comhlacht ar tugadh fógra dó, Organism notificat în conformitate cu directiva

Approved By:

Goedgekeurd door, Approuvé par, Genehmigt von, Approvato da, Godkendt af, Έγκριση από, Aprovado por, Aprobado por, Hyväksynyt, Intygas av, Schválil, Kinnitanud, Jóváhagyta, Apstiprināts, Patvirtino, Zatwierdzone przez, Approvat minn, Odobril, Schválené, Οдобрено от, Faofa ag, Aprobat de

Werner Bosman Managing Director

23 February 2017

VERDER BV

Leningradweg 5 9723 TP Groningen NETHERLANDS

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. Deze conformiteiverklaring wordt verstrekt onder volledige verantwoordelijkheid van de fabrikant. La présente déclaration de conformité est établie sous la seule responsabilité du fabricant. Die alleinige Verantwortung für die Ausstellung dieser Konformitäterklärung trägt der Hersteller. La presente déclarazione di conformità è rilasciata sotto la responsabilité du fabricant. Denne overensstemmelesserklæring udstedes på fabrikantens ansvar. H παρούσα δήλωση συμμόρφωσης εκδίδεται με αποκλειστική εψέψη του κατασκευαστή. A presente declaração de conformidade é emitida sob a exclusiva el fabricante. La presente declarazión de conformidad se expide bajo la exclusiva el fabricante. Tâmă vaalimustemmukaisuusvakuutus on annettu valmistajan yksinomaisella vastuulla. Denna försäkran om överensstämmelese utärdas på tillverkarens eget ansvar. Toto prohläšen i obdě se vydává na vyhradni odpovédnosť výrobce. Käesolev vastavusdeklaratision on välja antud tootja ainuvastutusel. Ezt a megfelelőségi nyilakozatot a gyártó kizárólagos feleősége mellett adják ki. Šī atbilistības deklaracija i faduota tik gamintojo atsakomybe. Niniejsza deklaracija zgodności wydana zostaje na wyłaczną odpowiedzialność producenta. Din iddikjarazzjoni tal-konformità ejegňda tinhareg taht ir responsabilitát unika tal-manifattur. Ta izjava o skladnosti je izdana na lastno odgovornost proizvajalca. Toto vyhlášenie o zbode sa vydáva na výhradnú zodpovednosť výrobcu. Hacrosnugara декларация за съответствие е издадена на отговорността на производителя: Prezenta declarație de conformita e este

Customer Services/Guarantee

CUSTOMER SERVICES

If you require spare parts, please contact your local distributor, providing the following details:

- Pump Model
- Type
- Serial Number, and
- Date of First Order.

GUARANTEE

All VERDER pumps are warranted to the original user against defects in workmanship or materials under normal use (rental use excluded) for two years after purchase date. This warranty does not cover failure of parts or components due to normal wear, damage or failure which in the judgement of VERDER arises from misuse.

Parts determined by VERDER to be defective in material or workmanship will be repaired or replaced.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

To the extent allowable under applicable law, VERDER's liability for consequential damages is expressly disclaimed. VERDER's liability in all events is limited and shall not exceed the purchase price.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

VERDER has made an effort to illustrate and describe the products in the enclosed brochure accurately; however, such illustrations and descriptions are for the sole purpose of identification and do not express or imply a warranty that the products are merchantable, or fit for a particular purpose, or that the products will necessarily conform to the illustration or descriptions.

PRODUCT SUITABILITY

Many regions, states and localities have codes and regulations governing the sale, construction, installation and/or use of products for certain purposes, which may vary from those in neighboring areas. While VERDER attempts to assure that its products comply with such codes, it cannot guarantee compliance, and cannot be responsible for how the product is installed or used. Before purchasing and using a product, please review the product application as well as the national and local codes and regulations, and be sure that product, installation, and use complies with them.

> Original instructions. This manual contains English. Revision J, August 2017

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